

# SYLVIA COSH ❏ JAMES WALTERS ❏ CROCHET

## 2: Terms/Abbreviations/Symbols

Term	Abbrev	Symbol	Other Terms
Chain	Ch		<b>ch lp</b> - chain loop, ie two or more chains
Slip Stitch	ss		<b>ch sp</b> - chain space (An instruction to work into a 'ch sp' or 'ch lp' means you insert the hook below the entire chain or chain loop, rather than into any individual chain.)
Single Crochet	sc		<b>tch</b> - turning chain
Single Crochet 2 stitches together	sc2tog		<b>group</b> - two, or more, stitches all worked into the same place (sometimes called 'shell' or 'fan', etc)
Single Crochet 3 stitches together	sc3tog		<b>cluster</b> - two, or more, stitches all joined together at the top by leaving the last loop of each temporarily on the hook until the final stage when one loop is drawn through all remaining loops
Half Double Crochet [yoh once]	hdc		<b>st(s)</b> - stitch(es)
Double Crochet [yoh once]	dc		<b>dec</b> - decrease
Double 2 stitches together	dc2tog		<b>inc</b> - increase
Double 3 stitches together	dc3tog		<b>rem</b> - remaining
Triple Crochet [yoh twice]	tr		<b>rep</b> - repeat
Triple 2 stitches together	tr2tog		<b>tog</b> - together
Triple 3 stitches together	tr3tog		<b>right side</b> - outside or side of finished article on view
*Triple raised at front: at front of work insert hook in and out from right to left around stem of stitch.	tr/rf		<b>wrong side</b> - inside or hidden side. (NB The 'right' and 'wrong' sides of a piece of fabric stay the same, whereas its 'front' and 'back' change every time you turn it whilst working. The terms 'Front' and 'Back', meaning sections of a garment, are usually indicated by capital letters in pattern instructions.)
*Triple raised at back: at back of work insert hook in and out from right to left around stem of stitch.	tr/rb		<b>yoh</b> - yarn over hook
Double Triple [yoh 3 times]	dtr		<b>Begin/rejoin yarn</b>
<b>*Note:</b> Any stitch with suffix '/rf' or '/rb' or stitch symbol with a 'hooked' foot is to be raised front or back in the same way			<b>Bind off</b>